





## Intimations.

**DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED,**  
DISPENSING CHEMISTS, &c.

CHEMISTS AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

A REFRESHING WHOLESOME DRINK.

**DAKIN'S LEMON SQUASH.**

A VERITABLE LEMON SQUASH  
AERATED, COOLING, THIRST  
QUENCHING.

PER DOZEN 50 CENTS.

(Telephone No. 60.)

No. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
Hongkong, 4th May, 1891.



BY APPOINTMENT.

**WINES AND SPIRITS.**

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.**

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED  
WATERS.

Our New Factory has been recently refitted  
with automatic Sizing Machinery of the  
latest and most approved kind, and  
we are well able to compete in  
quality with the best  
English Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the  
most careful and cleanliness are exercised  
in the manufacture throughout.

**LARGE BOMBAY  
"SODAS"**

We continue to supply large bottles as  
heretofore, free of Extra Charge, to those of  
our Customers who prefer to have them to the  
ordinary size.

**COAST PORT ORDERS,**  
whenever practicable, are despatched by first  
steamer leaving after receipt of order.  
FOR COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and  
placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and  
the full amount allowed for Packages and Expenses  
when received in good order.  
Counterfoil Order Books supplied on applica-  
tion.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is  
"DISPENSARY, HONGKONG."  
And all signed messages addressed thus  
will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always  
kept ready in Stock:—  
**PURE AERATED WATERS**  
**SODA WATER**  
**LEMONADE**

**POTASH WATER**  
**SELTZER WATER**  
**LITHIA WATER**  
**SARSAPARILLA WATER**  
**TONIC WATER**  
**GINGER ALE**  
**GINGERADE**

No Credit given for bottles that look dirty,  
or greasy, or that appear to have been used  
for any other purpose than that of containing  
Aerated Water, as such bottles are never used  
again by us.

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,**  
Hongkong, China, and Manila.

**The Hongkong Telegraph.**

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1891.

## TELEGRAMS.

**THE BACCARAT SCANDAL.**

LONDON, June 15th.  
Colonel Gordon Cumming has been dismissed  
from the Army.

**PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.**

The French China squadron has been ordered  
to the mouth of the Yangtze.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

**KWANG KI CHIU**, the editor and proprietor of the  
vernacular newspaper, the *Kwong-shan*, died at  
Canton on Sunday, the 14th instant.

One of the very oldest English firms in the  
East Indies, about the biggest estate-owners in  
Penang, is reported as being in difficulties.

THE returns of the number of visitors to the City  
Hall Museum for the week ending June 14th, are:—  
Europeans 200, Chinese 1,705; total 1,905.

MESSRS. D. SARSON, SON & CO.'s new  
steamer *Lightning* took ground near Kowloon  
Wharf this afternoon, but apparently was not  
injured to any extent.

COMING events cast their shadows before.  
A prominent share operator left Hongkong to-day  
in the well, the ventilator of a certain magnificent  
liar. No cards, but plenty of bills.

THE traffic in Annamese women finds scant  
mercy at the hands of the authorities in Tonquin.  
One *procurer* was sentenced to death last  
week, and another to penal servitude for life.

A REGULAR meeting of Perseverance Lodge,  
No. 1165, E.C., will be held in Freemasons'  
Hall, Zeland Street, this evening, at 8.30 for  
8 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially  
invited.

It may be of interest to two people in the world  
to know, on the authority of the *L. & C. Express*,  
that the Hon. Francis Fleming, Colonial Secretary  
and Auditor-General of Hongkong, has joined the movement of the United  
Empire Trade League.

BEFORE Mr. Wise this morning Wong Hoi Chan,  
the prophetic genius who acted as good fairy to  
Mr. Sassoon's boy, was brought up on remand.  
The evidence of Mr. Sassoon's bailiff, as to the  
fact of the boy's being a procurer for change, was  
taken, and Mr. Wise was asked what he had to  
say about it. He protested that the whole affair  
was quite new to him, and he had never seen the  
boy. He was committed for trial.

IN Aken it has rained only twice in twenty-five  
years, and then only enough to lay the dust.  
The last time it rained there was three years  
ago, after twenty-six years of drought.

AN Emergency Convocation of St. Andrew's  
Chapter, No. 218, S.C., will be held in  
Freemasons' Hall, Zeland Street, on Friday,  
the 19th instant, at 8.30 p.m. precisely. Visiting  
companions are cordially invited.

A RUSSIAN press censor permitted the following  
item to appear in a Moscow paper: "It is our  
opinion that Russia needs new railroads and will  
have them." For this the censor was suspended  
for three months and the editor fined \$300.

QUITTING a large number of gamblers paid their  
respects to Mr. Wise at the Magistrate's today,  
over thirty being hauled up and welcomed as  
usual. One man who had done sentry duty,  
and warned the card party when the hawk  
drew near, was allowed to contribute \$3 to the  
funds of the Colony.

THE Peshawar and Sanghli Doo Samantan  
Mining Company, Limited, received by the  
French Mail this morning about 191 ounces  
alluvial gold discovered at Gabau, and one bar  
of bullion of about 40 oz. the produce of 10 tons  
milling of Gabau reef. The wealth will be open  
to inspection for a week.

MANY friends of Lieut. Hodges, of H.M.S.  
*Hyacinth*, will be thoroughly glad to hear that  
the Admiralty have telegraphed to the Commander  
disapproving the sentence of dismissal from the  
service passed by a Court-martial recently. But  
Lieut. Hodges isn't joining the magnificent  
service any more, thank you.

THE Naval Stores were sampled on the 6th inst.,  
and a quantity of candles, cloths, bells, towels,  
and a tablecloth taken away. Three men were  
arrested, and brought before the Magistrate, but  
after several remands it was found that sufficient  
evidence could not be brought against them,  
and this morning they were discharged.

THE Band of the A. & S. Highlanders will play  
the following programme at the Officers' Mess  
this evening, commencing at 8 p.m.:—  
Overture, "The Village Festival" (O'Connell).  
Selection, "Carnegie up to date" (Bass).  
Selection, "Paving" (Bass).  
Concert Solo, "Paving" (Bass).  
Concert Solo, "Paving" (Bass).

MARSHALL CANROBERT, in alluding to Von  
Moltke's death, is reported to have said: "Ger-  
many, for a long time to come, will be unable to  
find a man capable of replacing Von Moltke."  
Although his pupils and successors may continue  
the line of work. As it is now we have the great  
strategist. I mean General Moltke, our chief of  
staff.

M. PAVIE, who has been exploring in the  
territory south of Yunnan with a view to the  
delimitation of the boundaries of Tonquin and  
Siam, reports that the Chinese authorities  
threatened him with great courtesy. Two officers  
have been detailed by the Government of  
Tonquin to explore Seding and other parts  
of Yunnan, with a view to annexation, we presume.  
Shade of Mayrera!

A CORRESPONDENT writes to complain of the  
disloyalty of the captain of the *Messina*.  
He speaks that on the anniversary of the King of  
Denmark's birthday, when the vessel was at  
Kaitia, the Captain, Dr. J. J. Duff, dressed up in  
the costume of the Emperor, on the Queen's Birthday,  
three wasn't a rag out, although the ship is  
British, officers dress, and owners particularly so.  
It's a small matter, but still—

WHEN you go to your uncle for assistance, and  
he is hard hearted enough to disapprove the value  
of your fat iron or Sunday rest, it is not safe to  
trust things at him or adduce any such forcible  
argument. Mr. W. Afat had a bagful which he  
called silver, and he wanted to put it up the  
spout. But Levy Isaacs was sceptical about the  
"silver," and thought it was worth about tuppence.  
Mr. W. Afat was naturally indignant, and at  
this morning Mr. Wise gave him ten days to  
cool down.

THE *L. & C. Express* hears that at the first  
meeting of creditors of the firm of Messrs.  
Adams, Bell & Co., the liabilities, as far as the  
London branch could estimate them, were shown  
to be £40,000. The assets are entirely in the  
East, the total of which does not appear at present.  
With one exception the creditors were  
unanimously in favour of a voluntary liquidation.  
This exception was the representative of the  
Specie Bank, who desired further particulars,  
and the meeting was therefore adjourned for a  
fortnight.

INSPECTOR QUINCY and Detective Sergeant  
Hadden last night arrested another Chinese  
offender, Li A Kai or Li Wa Kwei, in the Yau  
Chai district on the 14th November, 1890. He  
had a long dagger in his girdle, but it didn't do  
him a cent of good. He was brought before Mr.  
Wise to-day and remanded, pending the usual  
extradition proceedings. The Hongkong police  
seem to catch men of this sort about every three  
days. There is, however, a novelty about this  
case—apparently there was not a single murder  
against him.

"OPINIONS differ," a writer says, "as to  
the limit of daily mental work in adults.  
Dr. Bain of Aberdeen says that in that city  
there are as hard heads and as hard workers as  
in any other part of Great Britain, but that four  
hours steady mental labor are as much as are  
good for them. Cuvier was usually engaged for  
seven hours daily in his scientific researches,  
but they were not of a nature to require  
continuous thought. Walter Scott, when he  
worked for three hours with pleasure, but  
he worked for four hours with weariness. Daily  
of Paris says that a man twenty years  
old cannot do intellectual work with profit  
beyond eight hours daily. Beyond this limit  
there will be fatigue, cerebral anemia or congest-  
ion, disgust and impossibility to work.  
Generally it is necessary to limit the time to six  
hours or even less.

THE charge of rape brought against Inspector  
Grimble, of the Sanitary Department, has  
fallen through completely. The case was to have  
come before Mr. Wise this morning on remand,  
but the Crown Prosecutor sent word that the  
charge could not be supported and must be with-  
drawn. "The police do not propose to offer any  
evidence." So the records of the Court say, but  
all that actually took place was a hurried word  
or two between a policeman, the Magistrate,  
and the prisoner, inseparable to everybody  
else, and then all was over, Grimble  
left the Court "without a stain on his  
character." The fact remains that the  
girl Simmons has given birth to a child,  
which rather points to the theory that she may  
have been seduced by somebody. Who that  
somebody is may or may not be a matter  
requiring investigation. If Grimble had nothing  
to do with it—of course, as he is acquitted,  
he must be perfectly innocent—he ought to  
be explaining the frequent visits the girl made  
to his house. If this case had gone on,  
he would have been able to say what he wanted;  
but as it has utterly collapsed, the fact  
remains public property (we have it from his  
own mouth) that the girl constantly went to his  
house, and sometimes slept there.

H. M. S. *Pigmy* left Canton for this port yes-  
terday morning, and arrived here "all serene."  
Destination in all probability northwards.

At the Magistrate's this morning Tram A O  
charged Pun A Long with assault. Plaintiff  
was employed as a smith by defendant, and on  
leaving his service naturally wanted her wages  
up to date. As he declined to pay, pleading  
hard times, increased military extortion, and  
heavy taxation, he became obstreperous. The  
master, to quiet her, struck her with his  
umbrella, as she alleged. However, the only  
witness was a friend of the defendant, who was  
biased to his faults and misdeeds, and never saw  
anything wrong on his part. The case was  
accordingly dismissed for want of evidence.  
Plaintiff being recommended to "try next door  
higher up," at the Supreme Court, if he had not  
been paid wages due to her.

THE United States, says a writer in the *Boston  
Herald*, can well congratulate the Australian  
colonies upon their success in adopting a Con-  
stitution in their federated capacity which is  
based upon the fundamental principle which  
was adopted in the Federal Convention of 1787.  
This principle is that these several colonies shall  
be independent of one another in their local  
affairs and federated together in their common  
interests as a commonwealth or nation. The  
Constitution which they have adopted does not  
go to the lengths to which our own extends.  
It connects the colonies as a body with Great  
Britain through a Governor-General, and by this  
slender tie England will still dominate mildly  
over her island dependencies in that part of the  
world. It shows the progress of political  
opinion that the ideas which a century ago  
Great Britain refused to accept for the future  
development of her American colonies are now  
made the basis of political unity in Australasia.

THE Hongkong Opium Farm provides better  
opium than any other establishment. This  
must be true, for it was stated on oath in the  
Police Court today. A man was charged with  
being in possession of opium without a licence.  
The police produced a number of certificates,  
and Mr. Ewins in his behalf contended that it  
was not for his Worship to consider what sort  
of opium defendant had; the certificates would  
cover the quality, and the quality was  
immaterial. The Farmer's master proved that it  
was not farm opium, saying "Our opium is more  
fragrant to the smell, and burns red; this burns  
black. Ours is much better. Ours is not affected  
by time." Mr. Wise held that though the pro-  
duction of the certificates proved that opium had  
been bought from the farm, yet on the evidence  
before the Court the opium could not be covered  
by them, and they must refer to some other  
opium. He therefore imposed a fine of  
\$50. Mr. Ewins began talking about appeals,  
but the fine was paid, and it will cost less to the  
defendant to leave it at that.

Mr. Robert Fraser-Smith, editor and proprietor  
of the *Hongkong Telegraph*, left for Australia  
last night on a trip to the Southern  
climates in search of health. The legal bar-  
riers seized the opportunity of harassing him at the  
very last moment, aimed with a few technical  
points of a one-sided law, by means of which  
they hoped to prevent him gaining evidence of the  
utmost importance in connection with a libel suit  
that is yet to make the Far East ring, and that  
at 1 p.m. when the steamer was advertised to  
sail, and at which hour, as all City men know,  
it is impossible to have business transacted in any  
shape or form. However, Mr. Fraser-Smith did not  
intend to be so easily deterred. He had many  
attestations to solicit the aid of a friend who  
had simply to append his name to a  
document which enabled our Chief, the  
straightest, most fearless, most honorable, and  
upright man that has ever trod Eastern shores,  
to sail away with a smile of triumph. We would  
not be in the shoes of the ragging, bob-tail,  
and under-taking crowd who sought his detention  
for a minute of time, but that goes for nothing.  
Mr. Fraser-Smith will, as all "white men" in  
months of it will, and ready for one and all  
who may come along. We wish the "Old  
Sportsman" *bon voyage*.

MR. W. M. DWYER, the last of the first  
contingent of cadets that ever came to this Colony,  
will probably leave for home in a few days, on  
medical grounds. Thirty years ago, nearly, he  
came here with Dr. Stewart, Alfred Lister, and  
one or two other men now forgotten, as student  
interpreters, in which capacity, "for fun,"  
it was his delight to go out with the gun-  
boats on pirate-catching expeditions, and so  
rendered valuable service. In 1866 he was  
placed in charge of the ragged regiment that  
passed for Police here, and to him is due the  
credit for nearly all the improvements which  
have raised the force to its present position.  
It is legendary that he was once marked as a man not to be  
promoted, although the powers that are have not  
been slow to give him the work of the most  
important departments, on occasion. He went  
home "for good" over two years ago, on which  
occasion the constabulary presented a handsome  
testimonial to him, but the Colonial Office, or  
somebody, refused to retire him. Now, broken  
in health after doing yeoman service for the  
State, he is returning to a well-earned *well-earned  
discharge*. Who is necessary will be in a  
position to tell us, but as the position is a bit of  
a puzzle, the force here being looked upon as a  
priggy "crack" one, we ought to get a good  
man.

A STEEP in the right direction was taken by  
the Magistrate today for hearing a reckless  
man. Tang King is a Government con-  
tractor, and even if he could claim as a Chinese  
man to know nothing about anything, and to  
care just that amount about how many people he  
killed, yet surely he ought to have run against  
somebody in the course of his Government work  
who could tell him. But then again, Govern-  
ment people cannot be expected to have  
sense enough to come in out of the wet.  
Tang King is charged with having fully covered  
blast stone without having fully covered over  
and welded down the same to be blasted with a  
sufficiently heavy timber shield, or taken such  
other precautions as to effectually prevent any  
fragments of such stone from being projected  
into the air. From the evidence it appears  
that the blasting operations were in progress  
at Kennedy town, close behind the Rope  
Works. No precaution whatever was taken.  
With the Chinese cheek and indifference to  
law, prudence, and everything else, combined  
with the ignorant people, it simply drilled the  
Government workman, he simply drilled the  
holiest part in the charge, and fired, with the  
result that "large boulders were thrown a great  
height." Four or five men were at work, and it  
seems wonderful that none were killed. Mr.  
Gardner, engineer of the Rope Works, testified  
that many large stones fell on the roof of the  
Rope Works, one place passing through the  
engine, which had to be laid up half a day for  
repairs. He spoke of the defendant's forehead.  
Somebody's finger was carried a hundred  
yards. The case was adjourned until to-morrow.

Of course the usual defence will be made  
"Please sir, it wasn't me, it was that other  
fellow,"—no Chinaman ever commits a crime  
himself; it is always some irresponsible employ-  
ment, and it is sure to be in direct contradiction  
of defendant's orders. This sort of plea is wonder-  
fully easy and effective. But a defence that  
is necessary to anybody who can get within  
reach of the W. D. Department.

MISS FANNY—If you don't quit hugging me I'll  
call out, Simpson—Don't do that; your father  
might hear. Miss Fanny—Good heavens! How  
stupid of me! I forgot all about him.

AFFAIRS in Tonquin are decidedly gloomy.  
The provinces are harried everywhere by bands  
of Annamite and Chinese robbers, whose  
numbers are daily swelled by the enlistment of  
those who have been reduced to beggary by  
other depredations. Trains are stopped, and the  
passengers robbed and abducted, mules waylaid  
and the heaves killed, and the few military re-  
sist at defiance. Altogether the hold of the  
French on the place is costing them very dear.

A REPORT is going the rounds to the effect that  
the steamer *Strathgairn*, which was several  
months ago reported missing, has arrived at San  
Francisco from China, having run short of coal  
on the trip across and with everything com-  
bustible on board burned. This story, says  
*Forney*, is quite untrue. The loss was said  
on the ship some time since, and the report  
probably arises from the fact that a sailing ship  
called the *Strathgairn* has just been reported  
arrived at San Francisco (from the Clyde).

THE London *Gazette* of the 12th ult. says:—  
The Queen has been graciously pleased to  
appoint T. Watters, Esq., to be Her Majesty's  
Consul at Swatow; A. Fraser, Esq., to be Consul  
at Newchwang; J. G. Gillet, Esq., to be Consul  
at Ningpo; C. W. Everard, Esq., to be Consul  
at Ichang; T. L. Bullock, Esq., to be Consul  
at Kiangchow; E. H. Parker, Esq., to be Consul  
at Tamsui; R. W. Mansfield, Esq., to be Consul  
at Chungking; G. M. H. Playfair, Esq., to be  
one of Her Majesty's Vice-Consuls at Shanghai;  
and M. P. A. Fraser, Esq., to be Vice-Consul at  
Fagoda Island.

THE drink bill of 1890, says the *Zanich*, amounts  
to £139,495,470—an increase of £7,283,94 over  
the sum of the previous year, all common sense  
and medical science would stand against it. It is  
said to be equal to one-twelfth of the estimated  
income of all persons, to one-fifth of the national  
debt, and to eight times more than the  
income of all the Christian churches. It is not  
our business to moralize on this expenditure. To  
us it means such pleurothysis, Bright's disease,  
neurasthenia, and the like, the debasing em-  
ployment, taking the pleasure out of the life of  
families, and bread of the mouths of children.  
The drink bill for last year is larger than for any  
year but that of 1878, when it was more than  
£142,000,000.

FOR the first time within the memory of even  
the oldest inhabitant the *Snail* has given atten-  
tion to something approaching wit. In last  
night's edition we notice that a Chinese grass-  
cutter (at least we judge by the baldness of his  
diction that he is a Celestial) throws out a dry-  
dried pun, the proper mode of utilizing the  
condemned growth of grass that now covers  
the centre of the Race-course and comes to the  
conclusion that the best means of using the  
same is to call in the neighbouring cow-keepers  
to eat and to carry away the grass; and he lets  
loose all the funny things he can think of about  
the Surveyor-General and his Department, some  
member of which highly respectable body is  
responsible for the care-taking of Happy Valley.  
"Brownie," however, goes one better, and for  
the first time on record says something good in  
the following. Editorial note: It will agree with  
most of the grass. Comment on this, even when spelled with a  
"K," would spoil the effect.

THE Report of the Indo-China Steam Navigation  
Co. for 1890 states that the Board of Directors  
regret it has not proved so satisfactory a year  
for the company as they could have desired. The  
report contains a long and detailed account of the  
various lines of the company, and the various  
trades in the months of January and  
February, when the northern ports remained  
closed by the winter, afforded little employment  
for vessels, and with the gradual resumption of  
traffic on the coast, competition was too  
keen to admit of profitable working. In the  
latter half of the year, however, an improvement  
in rates took place, and better results  
were shown. Repairs in 1890 were a heavier  
item than usual, and this was due to the  
high price of the repairs of the company's  
ships. The various lines of steamers on the coast  
has not been materially relaxed during the year,  
but the best efforts of the directors have been  
used throughout towards increasing the rates  
charged, as far as practicable. The company's  
underwriting account has yielded a fair result,  
enabling the sum of £23,817 to be transferred  
from it to cover the usual depreciation upon the  
fleet, which will still leave a balance at credit of  
£31,393. The principal casualties charged to it  
have been the sinking of the *Tai Sang* on  
Szechuan Island, which proved an excessive  
loss, although the steamer was eventually floated  
and brought into port, and the collision of the  
*El Dorado* with the steamer *Filling*, which  
went to arbitration, and was given against the  
company. The amount shown by the accounts  
as remaining at the credit of profit and loss  
account is £13,279 11s., from which the directors  
recommend a dividend for the year to be paid at  
the rate of 10 per cent, carrying forward a  
balance of £888 6s. Trade on the China coast  
since Jan. 1 has been fairly good, and all that  
is wanted to ensure prosperity is the maintenance  
of reasonably remunerative rates of freight.  
There is a call for vessels of the latest and most  
improved type, adapted also to river navigation,  
and to meet the company's requirements in this  
respect, the directors have decided on building two  
new steamers to be called the *E-Sang* and *Wu-Sang*.  
These vessels are being constructed in the  
Clyde by the London and Glasgow Shipbuilding  
Co., and they are now in a condition to be  
sent to China in the months of August and September  
respectively. There has likewise been a con-  
siderable expansion of trade to the south of  
Hongkong, and in order to share in the employ-  
ment of this nature which offers, the Board have  
purchased the steamer *Chalydra*, a suitable  
vessel, with a good record and in good condition.  
She will be employed for a time on the Calcutta  
line where her services are at present wanted.

REPORTED PIRACY NEAR  
HONGKONG.

SEVEN MEN KILLED.

A report has been made to the police here to  
the effect that a piracy was committed on a junk  
while on a voyage from Pinhoi to Hongkong  
on the 15th ult., and that seven of the junk  
people were killed by the pirates. The bearer  
of the report is a native of Fokien, who says  
he was a passenger on the junk, and the story  
he tells is briefly as follows:—The junk, which  
was one of 1500 piculs' capacity, left Pinhoi  
on the 15th ult., having on board a crew of seven,  
nine passengers, and a cargo of 120 pigs. Two  
days afterwards an attack was made on the junk  
by a band of pirates, who came in five small  
boats. The pirates opened fire on the junk with  
rifles on getting close to her. The crew on the  
junk seem to have made some show of resistance  
at first, but gave it up when the pirates began to  
throw shot overboard. Two of the men on  
the junk, it is said, were killed by the pirates,  
and seven were shot and these were wounded.

with swords and thrown into the sea. The  
remaining nine all jumped overboard and swam  
towards the shore. They were afterwards picked  
up by a fishing boat and put ashore. The pirates  
having got possession of the junk sailed away  
with her. The survivors, who seem to have  
fared very miserably for some time, kept together  
for a few days but afterwards separated. The man  
who brings the report here had a brother and an  
uncle among the passengers. His uncle was shot  
by the pirates; his brother succeeded in reaching  
the shore with him, but died afterwards at Fuk  
Luk temple from want and exposure. The cargo of  
pigs belonged to these two brothers and their  
uncle. The narrator of the story appears to have  
wandered to Hongkong in the hope of  
getting a passage to his native place. As he  
speaks only the Fokien dialect he could not  
make himself understood at Yau-matli Police  
Station—where he arrived in a pitiable  
condition this morning—but he wrote the  
details of the affair. He had sold his coat in  
order to get his brother buried, and as his cos-  
tume and general appearance were somewhat  
out of the ordinary the youth of Yau-matli  
crowded around him with as much curiosity as  
if he had been a red Indian in his war paint. He  
says the pirates were Hakka men, and it is  
supposed that they fitted out for their expedition  
at Shau-ki-wan, a place which is well-known to be  
a nest of pirates.

The more descriptive gem, from last night's  
*China Mail* is only injured by the fact that  
"the bearer of the report" has been shipwrecked  
and pirated a few times previously, and the  
Police don't believe a word he says.

## NEWS OF THE WORLD.

MADRID, May 12th.

Total returns from the elections for Municipal  
Council held throughout Spain on Sunday  
show that 2754 Monarchists, 854 Republicans,  
160 Independents, 31 Carlists and 4 Socialists  
were chosen.

Several nations have notified Spain of their  
readiness to negotiate for the renewal of their  
commercial treaties with her. The Spanish  
Government replied that they must wait for the  
report of the Royal Commission which is  
compiling a protection tariff, whereon all negotia-  
tions must be based. Spain makes known that  
she will insist on her colonies being excluded  
from any further treaties with European powers.

SYDNEY, March 12th.  
A match has been fixed between McLean and  
Stanbury, the oarsmen, for the championship  
of 2000 a side, on the Paramatta river, July 7.

BERLIN, May 12th.  
The upper house of the Prussian Diet has  
passed an Income tax bill which was approved  
by the lower house.

LONDON, May 13th.  
The deaths from influenza in this city during  
the past week number 148, an excess of twenty-  
one over the highest death rate in the epidemic  
of 1890. The deaths from long diseases reached  
a total of 514, 226 in excess of the average rate.  
Sir John Lubbock and Burdett Coutts are down  
with the disease. All the eminent patients are  
doing well. It is expected that Mr. Gladstone  
will go to Hawarden on Saturday.

The fumigation of the Parliament building  
has commenced. Joseph Chamberlain and Lord  
Hartington are down with influenza. Gladstone  
is progressing favorably. There are now  
seventy members of the Commons suffering  
from influenza.

Three thousand Jews are in deep distress at  
Corfa. The Barons Rothschild and Hirsch are  
sending them relief.

A Moscow correspondent of the *News* says  
the stories that the expelled Jews are being ill-  
treated are exaggerated, the Jews being too  
inoffensive and too terrified to attempt to make  
their escape.

A South American dispatch says:—The people  
of the lower orders have revolted against the  
authorities in Dutch Guiana. Serious conflicts  
between the insurgents have occurred in which  
many persons were wounded, and the situation is  
constantly becoming more alarming.

PARIS, May 13th.  
The Chamber to-day, by a vote of 312 to 165,  
adopted the bill allowing, under a law, the *parti-  
cular* system of betting, the proceeds of the tax  
going to different charitable institutions, and  
placing the whole regulation of the racecourses  
under Government control.

In an interview to-day a member of the  
Portuguese Legation in this city declared that  
the present crisis in Portugal is of a financial  
nature and that political sentiment had nothing  
to do with it. The Republicans in Portugal are  
losing ground, owing to the disastrous effects  
of the establishment of a republic in Brazil, and had  
not a single man capable of directing a revolution.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 13th.  
The newspapers of this city warmly praise the  
gallantry of Prince George of Greece, the  
champion of the Cretawitch in his travels, who  
felled the latter assailant at Olmu, Japan, to the  
ground, by hitting him over the head with a  
heavy walking stick, and this prevented the  
fanatic from inflicting a severe wound. The news  
of the danger in which the Cretawitch was placed  
created much excitement throughout this city,  
and there was great rejoicing when it was  
announced that he was not dangerously wounded.

The *Novoye Vremya* demands that the Roth-  
schild's power in the Baku petroleum region be  
curtailed.

BERLIN, May 13th.  
The police at Magdeburg have made domi-  
ciliary visits to the abodes of twenty-five  
socialists and discovered documents as  
important nature. The papers reveal the fact  
that a number of apparently legitimate labor  
unions have been maintaining secret relations  
with the socialists and aiding in the propagating  
of seditious theories. Eight of the offending  
unions have been ordered to dissolve as a result  
of the discovery.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the  
*Cologne Gazette* telegraphs that all the Jews are  
being expelled from beyond the Caspian.

MADRID, May 13th.  
Advices from Lisbon state that a severe  
censorship has been placed over telegrams sent  
from or into the city. Even news telegrams  
destined for the official journal have been  
stopped. The well-known political economist,  
Cecilia, has written a letter in which he says:  
Portugal has a colossal deficit, ruinous loans  
contracted upon humiliating terms, and is con-  
fronted



promising new ship would have made the distance in five days, twenty-two hours and fifty-four minutes, or only three hours and thirty-six minutes more than the *Imman* took.

In accomplishing this unsurpassed run the *City of Paris* burned every day about 335 tons of coal, while the *Fuerst Bismarck* according to her commander, Captain A. Albers, burned only 280 tons. She developed about 16,000 horse-power, 400 less than was indicated on her trial trip, when she made 20.7 knots an hour, with ninety-one revolutions per minute. The average of revolutions of her screws on the trip from Southampton was less than ninety. The Hamburg-American line regards her success as a triumph of German marine engineering.

The vessel made no phenomenal daily runs. Her best was 49.3 miles, but she made no poor ones. Captain Albers says she was not pushed at any time. He predicts that she will, after a few more voyages, beat all records. She is the fastest vessel in the German merchant marine. She has a straight stem and her lines are so symmetrical that the observer does not realize her size. She registers 8716 tons, but with all the closed rooms of the ship she has a capacity of 11,938 tons. She is 501.1 feet long, 57.1 feet wide and from the upper deck to her keel plate measures 34.1 feet. Her engines are of triple-expansion type, with cylinders of 40, 67 and 108 inches in diameter. Her screws, of manganese bronze, are eighteen feet in diameter.

**ST. PETERSBURG, May 16th.**

A dispatch from Batoum tells of a bloody tragedy in a courtroom there. A man named Koupandze was on trial for robbing the Prince Morshanya of a pocket-book filled with bank notes. The Prince offered to pay the prisoner if he would disclose the hiding place of the stolen money. The prisoner laughed scornfully at the offer, and followed up his rejection by kicking the nobleman. In his rage at the insult the Prince shot the man dead. The Prince was arrested.

**THE HAGUE, May 16th.**

The Minister of the Interior states that the reports of the disorders in Surinam, Dutch Guiana, are greatly exaggerated. Only one negro, he said, had killed. The military and naval commanders have been telegraphed to take prompt measures to suppress the trouble.

**ATHENS, May 16th.**

The peasantry of the island of Corfu are joining with the mob against the Jews. Murders are still of daily occurrence, and to add to the troubles of the harassed Jews typhoid fever has broken out in their portion of the city.

**NEWCASTLE, May 16th.**

The annual convention of the National League of Great Britain opened here to-day. Delegates from 400 branches were present.

**LONDON, May 17th.**

The Jew question becomes daily more active. Expulsions proceed in Russia, and all assurances in the contrary, and Corfu has suddenly attracted attention as a scene of disorder and persecution.

There have been riots and murders, which look like connivance of the authorities. Strong European pressure had to be brought to bear on the Greek Government before it would do its duty. Ships of war of various nations are arriving. Russia of course holds aloof; she could hardly prosecute in Moscow and protect Corfu. The number of Jews banished out from this half-barbarous Muscovite kingdom exceeds 5,000 in its two chief cities. So powerful are the Jews throughout Europe that Russia will surely be made to expiate her cruelty. Public opinion is strongly against her. Her loss, nominally postponed, is really rejected; her prosperity is threatened, her financial future looks dark, but of her leniency or penitence on the part of her ruler there is no sign.

Gladstone is now well enough to be out of bed but he is not permitted to go out of doors.

The Duchess of Fife gave birth to a daughter this morning at the Duke's residence. The Princess of Wales, the mother of the Duchess, was present. Mother and child are doing well. Sharp frosts and storms of sleet and snow were experienced throughout England last night, and much injury was done to the fruit crop. The snow rapidly melts in the valleys, but remains on the hillsides, in curious contrast with the bright vegetation.

**PARIS, May 17th.**

The *Republique Française* has a warlike article on England in Egypt. It contends that the French Government ought to resist English preparations to destroy what is left of French influence in Egypt, and says that the Chamber of Deputies and the country are willing to grant whatever may be necessary to vindicate the rights of France.

The race for the French Oaks took place to-day and was won by Michel Ephraïm, chestnut filly Primrose, by Pellet, out of La Papillonne.

Snowstorms prevailed to-day at Bellefontaine and Nancy. The mountains in Alsace are covered with snow.

**ROME, May 17th.**

A duel growing out of a dispute originating in the stormy debate in the Chamber of Deputies on May day was fought to-day. The principals were Signor Barillari, member of the Chamber of Deputies who was wounded in labor riots, and Captain Borzi. The former received wounds in the arm and head as the result of the duel.

**DUBLIN, May 17th.**

Kanturk, in county Cork, was the scene of much disorder to-day. While the McCarthyites were holding a meeting the proceedings were interrupted by a band of Parnellites. A free fight followed and many persons were seriously wounded.

**LONDON, May 18th.**

The Vienna correspondent of the *Times* of this city says a marriage has been arranged between the Countess and Princess Helen, the fourth daughter of Prince Nicholas, of Montenegro. Commenting on this event, the correspondent says: "Such a marriage would be of great political importance, and could not fail to give the highest possible satisfaction to the pan-Slavist world."

Swarms of young locusts are appearing in Upper Egypt. The Government is issuing instructions on the best means of coping with the plague and preventing the utter destruction of the cotton and maize crops.

In an attack by Amara on the village of Serz, five persons were killed, and many wounded.

Gladstone has almost entirely recovered his usual state of health. It is expected he will be able to leave this city for Hawarden in a day or so.

The Ghetto quarter of Corfu is still surrounded by the military for the protection of the Jews. The total number of victims of the Corfu riot is fifteen killed and twenty-five who died from privation.

**PARIS, May 18th.**

The details of the death of M. Hunkel de Hunkel, the well-known French naturalist, have just been received from Algeria. The unfortunate gentleman, overcome by heat, fell asleep upon a pile of brushwood, and during his slumber myriads of locusts fell upon him. M. Hunkel was awakened by them and beat down and killed thousands by firing the brushwood, making a minute of the fact in his notebook. It is supposed he finally became exhausted and was suffocated by the insects, as his skeleton was subsequently found under a heap of locusts, together with his brand, half and empty.

**La Presse** to-day announces that a contract was signed early during the present month between the Russian Government and the Chateaufort Arms Factory, by which the plant, factory and employees are at the absolute disposal of Russia, whose Government has given an order for 3,000,000 new rifles.

**ROME, May 18th.**

The long-expected encyclical of the Pope upon the social question has been distributed among all the cardinals. The synopsis recently published presented its main points.

**May 19th.**

Signor Micotera, Minister of the Interior, is making a determined onslaught upon anarchist societies throughout Italy. He has ordered every prefect in the province to make raids upon local clubs until exterminated. The Minister himself is personally waging war upon the anarchists of this city, where, despite the activity with which the police have prosecuted them since the 1st of May, twenty clubs still remain.

The press sharply attacks Rudini. The *Riforma* says his conduct of foreign affairs has been a series of failures. There has been a want of energy in the management of the New Orleans correspondence, and in this and in other instances the laxness of government has seriously compromised the prestige of Italy abroad.

**MELBOURNE, May 19th.**

The negotiations which have been carried on between the Premiers of Victoria, New South Wales and South Australia, with a view to the adoption of uniform action in submitting the federation proposals to the people of each of these colonies, have failed. As a result of this failure each of these colonies has decided to follow its own course.

**PARIS, May 19th.**

M. Reache, member of the Chamber of Deputies, claims to be in possession of information to the effect that Minister of Marine Barbey contracted with Krupp and the Armstrongs to supply the French navy with big guns, and that he had sent the Armstrongs 2000 kilograms of smokeless powder to test the cannon. The Navy Department explains that these weapons were simply purchased as types of guns in use in foreign navies, and to ascertain if they were suitable for use in the French navy. The Minister denies furnishing the smokeless powder.

#### THE LIME-KILN CLUB.

REPORTS OF THE COMMITTEES ON DIVORCE AND FINANCE.

"We have met here this evening," said Brother Gardner when the meeting had been opened in due form. "I have reports of some of our committees and discuss them. I may say right here that now that any person who finds a place of leather on his back, or so for his life as to raise an alley, wonder to see if his dog will wait down for him, as he is to be fined not less than ten thousand dollars. 'Dar' am arlin things dis club believes to be wrong, an' sarlin other things it believes to be right, an' de people of de State of Michigan hev deir eyes on us an' expect us to do our duty. We will now listen to report of committees."

Judge Circumstance Lancaster, Chairman of the Committee appointed to inquire into the cause and effect of divorces, and suggest such changes as deemed expedient, reported as follows:—

"Your committee hev traced divorces back to a period over 3,000 years ago. De chief cause seems to be dat husband an' wife can't agree. Some folks think dis fact is powerful queer, but we doan. If jufes can't agree—if nations can't agree—if churches, societies, ladies an' clubs bust up because dey can't agree—if we differ in politics, religion, customs an' habits, why should it be expected dat husband an' wife must agree? If hev a business partner wid whom I can't get along de courts gin me a way out, but some folks make a great hullabaloo because de courts an' asked to separate a couple who make life miserable for each other. We would recommend as follows:—

"1. No courtship of less'n three years.

"2. No lyin' on either side.

"3. Ebery new married couple has got to move right off by deirselves to Dakota.

"I ar' satisfied dat divorce order be made easy arter sarlin condishuns are fulfilled—such condishuns as dat committee has jist reported, but whenever a wife gits a divorce it orter be de law dat she leaves at least \$25 in cash in de house for de husband to git along wid until he kin find a new job."

After some further discussion the report was adopted.

Professor Singletree White, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, reported as follows:—

"Your committee has traced de use of money back to 4,000 yars B.C., an' has not been able to find dat de poor man ober had any mo' dan he has got to-day. It ar' our opinyun dat sunthin orter be dun. Dis gwins around dead-broke isn't only hurtful to de feelin', but worry inconvenient. We would darefore recommend as follows:—

"1. Expand de currency until de basket slops ober."

"2. Cola huff silver so dat ebery man will hev to hev an extra kind pocket to carry his share."

"3. Make a day's work six hours long, an' pay \$5, but doan' hev too many of 'em in one week."

"4. Bring de price of whitewashin' up at least 200 per cent, but knock de price of meat an' taters down to de werry lowest notch."

"5. Ebery one dat ebery child possess in dis kin' of werry wickedness an' idleness an' his kerridge kin do so, but if ridin' around makes his back ache, den fix it so he kin open a bank an' drink all de de champagne he wants to."

Waydown Bebe, Shindig Watkins, Whalebone Hooker, Giveldam Jones and others spoke very strongly on the question of adopting the report, but Brother Gardner arose and said:—

"Dat report will be set down on an' laid on de table indefinitely. It's too soon. It asks far too much. If we could hev all dose things asked for in dat report we'd consider ourselves so close heaven dat nobody would turn out to Thursday evenin' prayer meetings. I shall instruct de secretary to say dat it is de sense of dis club dat de circulation order be increased about fifteen million dollars a yar until ebery child head of family is able to have a rubber doah mat on de top step an' a cuckoo clock in de parlor. De meetin' will be now all broke up, to assemble agin at de call of de secretary."

*Dispeit Free Press.*

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, is more reliable as an agent in the cure of *Consumption, Bronchitis and General Debility*, than any other remedy known to medical science. Read the following: "I have prescribed Scott's Emulsion, and have also taken it myself, and can fully endorse the opinion that it is both palatable and efficient, and can be tolerated by almost any one, especially where Cod Liver Oil itself cannot be borne."—MARTIN MILLS, M.D., St. Antonbury, Bucks. Any Chemist can supply it.—A. B. Watson & Co. (Ld.), Agents in Hongkong and China.—*Advert.*

## Intimations.

### CALCUTTA.

#### PITH, HATS AND HELMETS

##### IN ALL THE LATEST SHAPES AND STYLES.



ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF  
JAPANESE CREPE SHIRTS. JAPANESE CREPE SCARVES. JAPANESE SILK SCARVES.

## HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.

### GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS.

Queen's Road, and Duddell Street.  
Hongkong, 1st June, 1891.

## To-day's Advertisements.

### NOTICE.

DURING my temporary absence from the Colony, Mr. WILLIAM PRNDER MACLEAN, who holds my Power of Attorney, will conduct the business of *The Hongkong Telegraph*.

R. FRASER SMITH,  
Editor and Proprietor.  
Hongkong, 16th June 1891.

PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF  
HONGKONG,  
No. 1165, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the FRANKMANS' HALL, Zeland Street, THIS EVENING, the 16th instant, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

ST. ANDREW'S CHAPTER,  
HONGKONG, 218 S.C.

A NEMERGENCY CONVOCATION of the above Chapter, will be held in the FRANKMANS' HALL, Zeland Street, on FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 8 for 8.30 p.m. precisely.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

DOUGLAS STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUI.  
THE Company's Steamship  
"FORMOSA,"  
Captain Hall, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 18th inst., at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DOUGLAS, LAURA & Co.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.  
THE Company's Steamship  
"ESMERALDA,"  
Captain G. Taylor, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 18th inst., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to  
SHEWAN & Co.,  
Temporary General Managers.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

FOR NEW YORK.  
THE A. I. American Ship  
"ISAAC REED,"  
F. D. Waldo, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to  
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE will be held on THURSDAY, the 18th instant, at 4.15 p.m., at the Rooms of the Chamber, City Hall, to consider the Bill introduced in the Legislative Council by the Honourable J. J. KASSICK termed.

An Ordinance to amend the Law in respect to the Sale of Shares in Companies registered under the Hongkong Ordinances 1865 to 1888 and in other Joint Stock Companies.

By Order,  
F. HENDERSON.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

HONGKONG AND CHINA GAS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to the 30th inst., both days inclusive.

F. W. CROSS,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,  
For account of whom it may concern,

ON  
MONDAY,  
the 22nd June, 1891, at 11 a.m.,  
at the Kerosine Godowns of Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Bowditch,

ex British Bark *Campanidoro*,  
39,643 Cases KEROSENE OIL (Comet brand) all more or less damaged by sea water.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery.  
P. RAPP,  
Auctioneer.  
Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

## Hotels.

### NOW OPEN.

## THE MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

A SELECT FAMILY and RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, situated 1,400 feet above the sea level, commanding on the one side a magnificent view of the Harbour with the Mainland in the distance, and on the other of hills and mountains, with the sea beyond dotted with islands as far as the eye can reach, surrounded by extensive promenades and pleasure grounds. Including three good Tennis Courts. The Mount Promenade alone is nearly an acre in extent.

The Hotel is replete with every accommodation for Families and Gentlemen.

The Manager, Mr. ROBERT FISHERWOOD, will be assisted by an Efficient Lady Staff, and the Hotel will be conducted upon the best English system. The accommodation comprises a spacious Dining Hall, Private Dining Rooms, Drawing, Reading, Smoking, Grill, Billiard, and Private Sitting Rooms with Fifty-four Bedrooms each provided with separate Bath-room and every convenience.

Tramway Tickets will be supplied to Visitors at Reduced Rates.

For terms apply to the Secretary at the Company's Office, 18 and 40, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 16th June, 1891.

## BAY VIEW HOTEL.

MR. OSBORNE begs to announce that this convenient half-way House on Shau-kei-wan Road is now open.

The HOTEL commands a beautiful View, and is situated in a cool and breezy spot.

There is a convenient landing jetty opposite the Hotel for launches.

The best Brands of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., always on Stock. MEALS can be served at any hour. Prompt attendance.

Hongkong, 14th May, 1891.

## THE SHAMEN HOTEL.

BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably situated within a few minutes walk of the River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive Visitors.

The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting Rooms, and accommodation generally will be found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.

The Table D'Hôte is supplied with every luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experienced hands.

Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, etc., of the best quality only.

A. F. DO ROZARIO,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 4th November, 1890.

## THE BOA VISTA.

BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.

THIS House, situated on the sea shore in one of the best and healthiest parts of Macao, and commanding an admirable view facing the South, was OPENED as a HOTEL on the 1st July.

Every comfort will be provided for visitors, with excellent cuisine and choice Wines.

Hot, Cold, Shower and Sea Water Baths. Large and well Ventilated Dining, Billiard, and Reading Rooms, and well supplied Bar.

A small landing wharf is attached to the premises.

Mrs. MARIA B. DOS REWEDIOS,  
Proprietress.

## NOW READY.

A SECOND EDITION OF THREE THOUSAND COPIES of  
"THE LAW OF STORMS IN THE EASTERN SEAS,"  
(by W. Doherty, Director of Hongkong Observatory).

THIS useful work has been re-written, and greatly enlarged, and is illustrated by photographs showing the courses of the typhoons of late years.

The pamphlet is issued at One Dollar, and may be obtained from  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Hongkong.

"Lane, Crawford & Co."  
"G. Falconer & Co."  
"C. J. Gump & Co."  
"F. Blackhead & Co."  
"Hermann, Herbert & Co."  
"Moore & Sedman."  
Mr. W. Brewer.  
The Hongkong Trading Co. Ltd.  
Mr. F. F. de Silva, Canton.  
Messrs. de Mello & Co., Macao.  
Mr. N. Moalle, Amoy.  
Messrs. Hodge & Co., Foochow.  
Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, Shanghai.  
Rev. S. J. Smith, Bangkok.  
Messrs. Sayle & Co., Ltd., Singapore.  
Messrs. Amédée Prince & Co., Paris & London.

or the  
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE,  
Fadder's Hill,  
Hongkong, 17th September, 1890.

## Auctions.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. J. M. ARMSTRONG has received instructions from the Mortgagees to Sell by Public Auction, on the Premises at 3 o'clock p.m., on

WEDNESDAY,  
the 24th June, 1891.

The following VALUABLE ESTATEHOUSE PROPERTIES:—Nos. 184, 185, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206 and 208, in Queen's Road West, Victoria, Hongkong, and being First All that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 518 as the same premises are held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 25th August 1859 subject to the payment of the yearly Crown Rent payable in respect thereof and to the performance of the Crown covenants to be performed in respect thereof, and subject also to the existing leases and tenancies thereof.

2nd.—All that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 37 as the same premises are held for the residue of a term of 999 years from the 25th day of December, 1858, subject to the payment of the yearly Crown Rent payable in respect thereof and to the performance of the Crown covenants to be performed in respect thereof and subject also to the existing leases and tenancies thereof.

A portion of the purchase money can remain on Mortgage at 7 per cent.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to

WOTTON & DEACON,  
Solicitors for the Mortgagees.  
J. M. ARMSTRONG,  
Auctioneer.

or to  
MR. HO KOM TONG,  
123, Bonham Street, West.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1891.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions from the Official Liquidator of the

HONGKONG MARINA, LIMITED,  
to sell by  
PUBLIC AUCTION,  
ON  
MONDAY,

the 6th July, 1891, at 2 p.m.

(with the approbation of the Chief Justice.)  
THE FLOATING HOTEL "HONGKONG MARINA" with her ANCHORS, CHAIN, PUMPS, AWNINGS, FITTINGS, &c., as she now lies in the Harbour, and immediately adjacent to the FURNITURE and HOTEL FITTINGS, including:—TEAK DINING TABLES, VIENNA CHAIRS, MIRRORS, Tapestry and Leather Covered COUCHES, IRON BEDSTEADS with Spring and Hair MATTRESSES, SHIPS' WASHSTAND and CABIN FURNITURE, SWING LAMPS, WINDPROOF LAMPS, COOKING RANGES, TEAK BAR and FITTINGS, OFFICE FURNITURE, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, GLASS WARE, CROCKERY, CUTTERY, &c., &c.

A STEAM LAUNCH.  
A BILLIARD TABLE by Lassus, Calcutta.

A quantity of WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c., &c.

Catalogues with conditions of sale will be issued.

A plan and description of the ship may be seen at the Auctioneer's office.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,  
Auctioneers.  
Hongkong, 15th June, 1891.

## Consignees.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM TRIESTE, PORT SAID, SUEZ, JEDDAH, SUAKIM, MASSAWAH, HOEDEDA, ADEN, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, PENANG, and SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship "ELFKTRA" having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of opium, are being landed at their risk into the Godowns known as The Hongkong Wharf and Godowns, Wanchai, whence delivery may be obtained.

Consignees wishing to receive their Goods on the Wharf are at liberty to do so.

The vessel brings on Cargo:—  
From Calcutta and Madras, ex S.S. "SELENE," transhipped at Colombo.

From Trieste, ex S.S. "IMPERATOR," transhipped at Bombay.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent in to the Underigned before NOON on the 19th inst., or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 19th inst. will be subject to rent.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by  
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1891.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship "BELGIC."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from along-side.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

J. S. VAN BUREN,  
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1891.

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP "CARDIGANSHIR



**For Sale.**

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Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches  
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